EAGLE HUNT COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

RULES AND REGULATIONS UNIT OWNER TREE/S

WHEREAS, the Declaration of EAGLE HUNT COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC. (the "Declaration"), the By-Laws (the "By-Laws"), the Uniform Planned Community Act, of Pennsylvania, 68 PA.C.S. §5101 et. seq. (the "Act") authorized the Executive Board (the "Board") of the EAGLE HUNT COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC. (the "Association") to manage the business, operation and affairs of the Community; and

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Association has the authority and power to adopt and amend Rules and Regulations governing the subject Property (as that term is defined in Article I. (Definitions)), of the Declaration of Covenants and Restrictions for Eagle Hunt Community Association – A Planned Community ("Declaration").

WHEREAS, Article VII "Restrictions" section 7.03 "Rules and Regulations" of the Declaration of Covenants and Restrictions; Article III Eagle Hunt Community Association, Inc.), Section 3.05; Article III (Executive Board), Section 3.2.2 of the By-laws of Eagle Hunt Community Association ("By-laws"); and Section 5302(a)(1) of the Uniform Planned Community Act (the "Act"), 68 P.S. '5101, et seq. and

WHEREAS, the Board will identify if the tree/s is a Unit Tree (Unit Owner responsibility) or Association Tree (Association responsibility) via the Association landscaping site plan, and

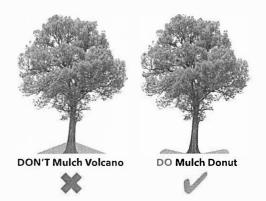
WHEREAS, the Board has determined that it is in the best interest of the Association to adopt these Rules and Regulations and clarify the maintenance, repair, and replacement of Unit Owner's tree/s versus Association tree/s, and

NOW, THEREFORE, BEIT RESOLVED THAT the following Rules and Regulations are hereby adopted by the Board of Directors and shall remain in effect until otherwise rescinded, modified, or amended by a majority of the Board of Directors:

Street Tree Maintenance:

Street trees are the responsibility of each homeowner to maintain and replace, if necessary.

Homeowners should edge and mulch street trees once yearly. When mulching, do not create a "mulch volcano," but instead create a "mulch donut" so the mulch does not touch the trunk of the tree. The mulch circle should be no more than 1-3" deep and begin at least 6" from the trunk of the tree. This will help prevent rot, girdling, and failure of the tree.



- Your lot and the street in front of your lot should be cleared of debris and fallen branches at all times.
- In the Fall, your lot and the street in front of your lot should be cleared of fallen leaves within a reasonable period of time and no later than mid-November. When possible, mulch fallen leaves into your lawn with your lawn mower.
- To ensure the health and safety of your street trees, it is advisable to consult with an arborist who can assist with ongoing tree maintenance and structural pruning if necessary. If your street tree is next to a street light, you must ensure the branches have at least a 12" clearance from the globe.

Street Tree Replacement Guidelines:

Street trees are a township requirement in Eagle Hunt. If a street tree is removed, it must be replaced. In this event, an ARC request must be submitted outlining the plans for removal and replanting. It is the homeowner's responsibility to follow guidelines on the selection of the tree species according to the space limitations on their lot and soil/sun conditions.

Removing a dead tree:

Dead trees can be a liability and should be removed promptly. To avoid damage to your property or neighbor's property, trees must be removed by a licensed and insured contractor. Tree stumps must be ground to 6" - 8" below ground level.

Selecting a new tree:

Eagle Hunt has an **Approved Street Tree List**, (attached) with tree species organized by height class. Every effort should be made to choose a native tree species. The homeowner **does not** have to replant with the same tree species that was removed, and no more than 3 trees of the same species should be planted in a row to avoid mass removal in the event of a disease or pest targeting a specific tree species in the future.

How and where to plant:

Replacement trees must be at least 6' - 8' tall (1.5" - 2" caliper) and be planted according to **ANSI A300 standards**, preferably by an **ISA Certified Arborist**. The new tree should be planted at least 3' from the removed tree. Replanting in the exact same spot that a tree was removed is not advised. Homeowners may have up to 1 year to replace a street tree to plant it at the most optimal time of the year (usually Spring or Fall). Homeowners should water new street trees according to the watering requirements of the tree species.

Replacing street trees near sidewalks:

If a tree needs to be replaced that is currently between the street and a sidewalk, it is recommended that the homeowner plant the new tree on the lawn side of the sidewalk. This tree must be planted at least 3', but no more than 5' from the sidewalk to be considered a street tree. The homeowner may also choose to replant a tree within the lawn area between the street and sidewalk, but must choose a small to medium height species of tree to help avoid root damage to the sidewalk.

The foregoing Rules and Regulations is hereby adopted by the Association's Executive Board on this 6th day of February 2023 and shall be inserted and incorporated into the Association's current or future Rules and Regulations and published to all members of the Association by due notice.

EAGLE HUNT COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

Anand Balasubramanian (Feb 4, 2023 07:30 EST) Anand Balasubramanian Melissa Boss

Raghu Gonihalli

Date

Date

Date

Approved Native Tree List

Small trees (native)	
Amelanchier laevis	Allegheny Serviceberry
Carpinus caroliniana	American Hornbeam
Cercis canadensis	Eastern Redbud
Medium trees (native)	
Celtis occidentalis	Common Hackberry
Cladrastis kentukea	American Yellowwood
Nyssa sylvatica	Black Gum, Black Tupelo
Quercus muehlenbergii	Chinkapin Oak
Quercus nuttallii	Nuttall Oak
Large trees (native)	
Quercus falcata	Southern Red Oak
Quercus coccinea	Scarlet Oak
Quercus alba	White Oak
Quercus bicolor	Swamp White Oak
Quercus shumardii	Shumard Oak
Quercus imbricaria	Shingle Oak
Quercus macrocarpa	Burr Oak
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak
Robinia pseudoacacia	Black Locust
Taxodium distichum	Common Bald Cypress
Tilia americana	American Linden/Basswood
Gleditsia triacanthos	Honey Locust
Acer rubrum	Red Maple
Catalpa speciosa	Northern Catalpa

Approved Pseudo Native Tree List

Large trees (pseudo native)	
Ulmus americana x Jefferson	Jefferson American Elm
Ulmus americana x New Harmony	New Harmony American Elm
Ulmus americana x Valley Forge	Valley Forge American Elm
Ulmus americana x Accolade	Accolade American Elm

Approved Non Native Tree List

Small trees (non native)	
Chionanthus retusus	Chinese Fringetree
Cornus kousa	Kousa Dogwood
llex x attenuata 'Fosteri #2'	Foster's Holly
Ostrya virginiana	American Hophornbeam
Prunus x 'Okame'	Okame Cherry
Acer buergerianum	Trident Maple
Acer tataricum	Tatarian Maple
Cornus mas	Cornelian Cherry Dogwood
Crataegus crus-galli x 'Inermis'	Thornless Cockspur Hawthorn
Crataegus flava	Yellowleaf Hawthorn
Crataegus laevigata x 'Superba'	English Hawthorn
Crataegus viridis	Green Hawthorn
Malus x 'Prairie fire'	Prairiefire Crabapple
Malus x 'Sugar Tyme'	Sugar Tyme Crabapple
Styrax japonicus	Japanese Snowbell
Acer campestre	Hedge Maple
Stewartia koreana	Korean Stewartia
Stewartia monadelpha	Tall Stewartia

Medium Trees (non native)	
Parrotia persica	Persian Parrotia
Carpinus betulus	European Hornbeam
Maclura pomifera x White Shield	White Shield Osage Orange
Pistacia chinensis	Chinese Pistache
Prunus x yedoensis	Yoshino Cherry

Large Trees (non native)

Sophora japonica	Japanese Pagoda Tree
Tilia cordata	Little Leaf Linden
Tilia tomentosa	Silver Linden
Ulmus parvifolia	Lacebark Elm
Zelkova serrata	Japanese Zelkova
Platanus occidentalis x Bloodgood	Bloodgood London Planetree
Platanus occidentalis x acerifolia	London Planetree
Zelkova serrata x Green Vase	Green Vase Zelkova
Liquidambar styraciflua x Rotundiloba	Low Fruiting Sweetgum
Gymnocladus dioicus x Stately Manor	Fruitless Kentucky Coffee Tree
Cercidiphyllum japonicum	Katsura
Ginkgo biloba	Ginkgo Tree

Tree Resolution 2.2.23

Final Audit Report

2023-02-07

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